Djilali Bounaama Khemis Miliana University Faculty of Law and Political Science Bachelor's Degree – Third Year Major: Public Law first Semester / 2024–2025



English Terminology Exam – Catch-up Session (June 2025)

PART ONE: Multiple Choice Questions (12 points)	
Tick the correct answer. Only one correct option per question. (1 point each)	
1	Who presides over the Council of Ministers in Algeria?
	\Box a) The Prime Minister \Box b) The Minister of Justice
	\Box c) The President of the Republic. \Box d) The Speaker of the Parliament
2	The term of office for the President of the Republic in Algeria is:
	□ a) Four years □ b) Five years □ c) Six years. □ d) Unlimited
3	What is the role of the Prime Minister in Algeria?
	\square a) To lead the judiciary \square b) To ratify international treaties
	\Box c) To head the government and propose ministers \Box d) To command the armed
	forces
4	The power to issue pardons and reduce or replace sentences belongs to:
	\Box a) The Parliament \Box b) The Constitutional Tribunal \Box c) The President of
	the Republic d) The Supreme Court
5	What happens if Algeria is under imminent threat affecting constitutional institutions?
	\square a) The Parliament declares a revolution. \square b) The Constitutional Tribunal appoints
	a military leader.
	□ d) The Prime Minister assumes full control
6	The President of the Republic exercises executive power mainly through:
	\square a) The Judiciary \square b) The Legislative Council \square c) Presidential Decrees \square d)
	Provincial Governors.
7	Which article outlines the President's role as Supreme Commander of the Armed
	Forces?
0	□ a) Article 86 □ b) Article 91 □ c) Article 98 □ d) Article 100
8	Who appoints the Prime Minister in Algeria?
	□ a) The National People's Assembly □ b) The Minister of Defense
0	□ c) The Constitutional Tribunal □ d) The President of the Republic
9	What is required for the President to send military forces abroad?
	□ a) Approval by the Constitutional Tribunal □ b) Decision by the Prime Minister
	C) A simple majority in the Council of Ministers The chiral approach of latter beautiful and the chiral approach.
10	☐ d) Two-thirds approval of both chambers of Parliament
10	Which of the following is not a responsibility of the executive branch?
	□ a) Managing foreign policy □ b) Organizing legislative elections
1.1	□ c) Adjudicating criminal cases □ d) Implementing public policies
11	In case of a state of exception, who must the President consult?
	□ a) The Prime Minister and military generals □ b) The Minister of the Interior only
	C) Heads of Parliament, Constitutional Tribunal, and Security Council
	☐ d) Foreign ambassadors

12	What power allows the President to directly involve citizens in national decisions? □ a) Legislative amendment □ b) Emergency decree □ c) Public referendum
	□ d) Council veto
Part	Two: Essay Question – 8 points
Essay	Topic:
"Disc	buss the importance public procurement law applied in Algeria.
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	COOD LUCY
	GOOD LUCK
	Dr Zaki Lounaouci

